Among painters, varnishers, etc.	240	forming 60-6 Per cent.	of total engaged in the trade.
Among carpenters, joiners, etc.	619	,,	45-6
,, ,, Among hatters and cap-makers	298	„	94-0
Among furriers	218	,,	77-3
,, ,, tailors	2075	„	68-3
„ makers of cheap jewellery	105	.,	97-2
„ ., Among upholsterers	136	„	53*5
,, ,, plumbers	208	„	63-8
locksmiths	254	„	47-9
jewellers	246	,,	81-2
„ watchmakers	347	,,	86-5
,, ,, confectioners	113	,,	45-7
,, ,, „ bakers	227	,,	56-2
butchers	171	„	45-8
,, gaiter and legging makers	589	,,	94-1
„ „ Among harness-makers and leather-cutters	125	„	65-1
,, „ Among shoe-makers	993	„	45*6
,, ,, „ binders	121	„	58-5
„ „ hairdressers	423	„	48*4 „

This list can be taken as typical for the whole of Eastern Europe.

(c) *Soviet Russia*

The Russian census of 1926 supplies detailed figures for the number of Jews engaged in handicrafts, home industries, and workshops (excluding factories). It amounted—

		Per cent.
t		
In the Ukraine	to 154,496	making 25-2 of all Jews gainfully occupied,
„ White Russia	„ 43,894	„ 29-1

„ Moscow	„	8,852	„ 12-5
„ Leningrad	„	5,199	„ 11-9

20 per cent among them were women.

About half of the Jews engaged in handicrafts consisted of artisans working without the help of dependents or of